

Cryo-EM, basic image processing course, ReNaFoBis, Oléron, 22.5.2016, B. Klaholz

To get a screenshot from your displayed images: Maj cmd 4 → selection; Maj cmd 3 → full screen

Capture screen shots under Mac: Control-Shift-4 → select region of interest with mouse

Control-Shift-3 → full screen shot

Display in imagic: use “ * ” or “quit” to leave, do not use CTRL C;

Use CTRL Z and bg / fg to create batch job or bring it back

I. Illustration of the Fourier transformation

cp ../FT-effects/* .

[copy over the images to work on]

Files names are:	description:
checker_8	checkerboard array
checker_32	checkerboard array
disc	sharp disc
disc-smooth	smooth disc
square	square

Calculate Fourier transformation of these images:

i **[shortcut for starting IMAGIC program]**

IMAGIC-COMMAND : **fft**

**** INCF2D (vs. Aug. 2005) welcomes you ****

Input file, image loc#s [] : **checker_8**

Output file, image loc#s [] : **checker_8-fft** **[give output file name]**

Mode of operation:

FORWARD_FFT REVERSE_FFT AUTO_CORRELATION
SELF_CORRELATION POWER_SPECTRUM AMPLITUDE_SPECTRUM

Please specify option [] : **FORWARD**

[hit return]

[do the same for the other images: produce files:

checker_8-fft, checker_32-fft, disc-fft, disc-smooth-fft, square-fft

quit **[or * or Ctrl C] when finished**

display these files in IMAGIC:

disp **[under linux or within IMAGIC]**

Input image file, loc#s [checker_8] : **checker_8**

Size of the display window [600,600] : **[hit return for default]**

Type of cursor:

CROSS SQUARE CIRCLE

Please specify option [CROSS] : **[hit return for default]**

Parameters to be changed:

NO_CHANGES(=DISPLAY), SETTINGS, OPTIONS [NO] : **[hit return for default]**

To adjust scale of display:

scale

4

To adjust grey values:

gre

sur

2d

Useful options:

grey [to adjust the dynamic range of the image]

interactive

0,0 [full range] or for example -10,10 [limited range]

file [read in another file]

filename

dev [device, size of display window]

600,1200

erase [removes displayed image, to display freshly another one]

profile [to make profile]

Use cursor to position profile: NO

Starting point (IMAGE coordinates X,Y): 1,1

End point (IMAGE coordinates X,Y): 65,65 [center of a 128,128 image, i.e. center of powerspectrum]

To start a second display:

Ctrl Z

bg [background, batch job]

To quit the display:

*** [or] quit** **very import!!! (otherwise display problems)**

reactivate a background job: fg [foreground], then stop it with *** or quit**

disp

Input image file, loc#s [checker_8] : **checker_32** [next file name]
etc.

Switch between display windows to compare the images (do not move displays around such that they remain aligned with respect to each other)

Then display the corresponding FT's, files:

checker_8-fft

checker_32-fft

Switch between these display windows to compare the images

With the same procedure, compare sharp and smooth discs and the square:

disc disc-fft

disc-smooth disc-smooth-fft

square square-fft

When displaying the files **disc-fft** and **disc-smooth-fft** you can draw a profile of the spectrum:

In the display command window:

Parameters to be changed:

NO_CHANGES(=DISPLAY), SETTINGS, OPTIONS [NO] : **profile**

Use cursor to position profile [NO] : **[NO; hit return for default]**

Starting point (IMAGE coordinates X,Y) [1,1] : **70,70 [centre would be 65,65]**

End point (IMAGE coordinates X,Y) [128,128] : **128,128**

Parameters to be changed:

NO_CHANGES(=DISPLAY), SETTINGS, OPTIONS [NO] : **[hit return for default]**

Output device (X_WINDOWS, PS, FILE) [X_WINDOWS] : **[hit return for default]**

Display settings:

device

600, 1200

scale

4

file

filename

grey

-10,10

profile

1,1

65,65

**Capture screen shots under Mac: Control-Shift-4 → select region of interest with mouse
Control-Shift-3 → full screen shot**

When interpreting the results, consider that the absolute scales on the y-axis can be different!

II. Pre-processing:

a) Display a digitized micrograph / negative or CMOS camera image of single particles imaged by cryo-EM

In your team directory:

```
cp ../micrograph/* .  
boxer &
```

read in the file called **10719c3** or one of the files called **1.mrc**:

File → read Micrograph

Process → Median Filter 5x5 (makes a block convolution)

**do you see anything?
now better?**

adjust grey values/contrast: **middle mouse button**

change scale to **0.4**

change box size to 96 or 128 [adjust box size to the particle size: should be ~2/3 of the image size; will be smaller than 128 if you use the **1.mrc** image from the CMOS camera; ideally, values of the type of 64, 96, 128, 256, 512, 1024, 2048, 4096 etc. should be used for fast Fourier transform calculations)

select ~6-10 particles

Boxes → Autobox, adjust parameters for a reasonable selection and let it select automatically; afterwards, deselect some bad images manually

[*if you want to process the next steps with your own data:*

Boxes → Save Box

read in again the file called 10719c3, change box size to 128:

Boxes → Resize Boxes: 128

Boxes → Save Boxed Particles to file name 10719c3_128]

Comment: for CTF correction write out into much larger boxes, e.g. 512

b) Calculate a power-spectrum:

ctfit

→ **Open particle set**

File name: 9_ptcl

Adjust grey values to see the power-spectrum better (middle mouse button), adjust parameters to make the predicted spectrum fit with experimental spectrum, adjust defocus value to make the high-resolution peaks fit (not the first peak and first zero which contain information from the particle itself, e.g. secondary structure elements)

Compare with power-spectra from other defocus values: file names: 7_ptcl 1_ptcl 10_ptcl

[*alternative program, not installed at the moment:*

findctf2d &

File → Open Micrograph file name: 10719c3

Moving the mouse over the image indicates the resolution: edge=Nyquist frequency!

(needs to have put 200kV and 3Å for the pixel size into CTF → Edit Microscope Settings)

Increase image size: Tools → Zoom → 200%

An outer mask can be put with the left mouse, and an inner mask with the right mouse button

Find out the defocus value of the micrograph:

CTF → Find CTF]]

III. Processing of real experimental data

The basic steps of a structure determination of single particles:

- a) pre-process the data: bandpass-filter
- b) centering / alignment
- c) multivariate statistical analysis (MSA) and classification
- d) angle assignment
- e) 3D reconstruction

In your team directory:

cp ../data/* .

1) display particle set:

disp [under linux or within IMAGIC]

Input image file, loc#s [] : CMOS_ctf-append_500 [hit return for default]
Size of the display window [600,600] : [hit return for default]
Type of cursor:
CROSS SQUARE CIRCLE
Please specify option [CROSS] : [hit return for default]
Parameters to be changed:
NO_CHANGES(=DISPLAY), SETTINGS, OPTIONS [NO] : [hit return for default]

To start a second display:

Ctrl Z

2) bandpass-filter

i [shortcut for starting IMAGIC program]
IMAGIC-COMMAND : inc-pre

** INCPREP (vs. 21-May-2007) welcomes you **
Use MPI parallelisation [NO] : **NO** [hit return for default]
Input file, image loc#s [ctf-append_1000] : CMOS_ctf-append_500
Output file, image loc#s [ctf-append_1000-bp] : CMOS_ctf-append_500-bp
The image will be band-pass filtered.
Please specify:
Low frequency cut off [] : **0.025** [roughly particle size, pixel size: 3Å, Nyquist 6Å]
Remaining low-freq. transmission [] : **0.1** [leave 10% of low frequencies]
High frequency cut off [] : **0.5** [high frequency cut off]
The image will be masked by a circle. Please specify
the mask radius (pixels or fraction of inner radius)
If you specify a drop-off it will be a soft mask.
Mask radius, drop-off [] : **0.999** [keep maximum to the edge of a circular area]
Desired new sigma [] : **3** [normalise the variance to 3 sigma]
Invert the image densities [NO] : [hit return for default]

Display the filtered version of the particles for comparison

3) calculate the total sum of the particle images which will serve as a reference for particle centering

IMAGIC-COMMAND : **inc-sum**

** SUMMER (vs. 14-June-2007) welcomes you **

Mode of summing:

CONDITIONAL_SUM SOME_SUM TOTAL_SUM

Please specify option [TOTAL_SUM] : **TOTAL_SUM** [hit return for default]

Input file, NO loc#s [] : **CMOS_ctf-append_500-bp**

Output file, image loc#s [] : **CMOS_ctf-append_500-bp_sum**

Display the file **CMOS_ctf-append_500-bp_sum**

4) particle centering:

IMAGIC-COMMAND : **ali-dir**

** ALIDIR (vs. 19-July-2007) welcomes you **

Alignment modes available:

TRANSLATIONAL ROTATIONAL HORIZONTAL VERTICAL
ALL

Please specify option [] : **TRANSLATIONAL**

Correlation functions available:

CCF MCF

Please specify option [] : **CCF**

Input file, image loc#s [] : **CMOS_ctf-append_500-bp**

Output file, image loc#s []: **CMOS_ctf-append_500-bp_cent1**

Reference file, image loc []: **CMOS_ctf-append_500-bp_sum**

Give this reference a number (1,2,...) [0] : **0** [hit return for default]

Options to filter the reference(s):

NO_FILTER LOWPASS

Please specify option []: **LOWPASS** [filtering the reference; try also NO_FILTER]

Halfwidth value for low-pass filter [] : **0.1** [e.g. 10% of the Nyquist frequency]

Max shift (pixels/fraction of radius) [] **0.3** [e.g. 30% of the image size]

Full output? [] **NO**

Maximum allowable (radial) shift is ... pixels.

...

IMAGE	#-ITER	ANGLE	XSHIFT	YSHIFT	CCC
1	1	0.00	-1.14	3.81	0.1768
2	1	0.00	-2.32	0.08	0.1810 etc.

[optional: 5) repeat steps 3 and 4 with the pre-centered images in order to center them even better]

final file containing centered images is **CMOS_ctf-append_500-bp_cent2 (or _cent1)**

display the files:

CMOS_ctf-append_500-bp CMOS_ctf-append_500-bp_cent1 (CMOS_ctf-append_500-bp_cent2) to check the success of the centering

6) create a mask for the area to be considered during multivariate statistical analysis (MSA)

IMAGIC-COMMAND : **test-im**

** TESTIM (vs. 11-July-2007) welcomes you **

Output filename, image loc#s []: **msamask**
 Image dimensions X,Y [96, 96] : **84,84** [hit return for default]
 IMAGIC data formats you can choose:
 PACK INTG REAL COMP RECO
 Please specify option [REAL] : [hit return for default]
 Currently, you can choose:
 ...
 Please specify option [] : **DISC**
 Disc radius (pixel or fraction of inner radius) [] : **0.75** [to be adjusted to particle size]

7) multivariate statistical analysis (MSA):

IMAGIC-COMMAND : **msa-run**
 Use MPI parallelisation [NO] : **NO** [hit return for defaults]

** MSA (vs. 3-Sep-2011) welcomes you **

Choose mode of operation:
 FRESH_MSA REFINED
 Please specify option [FRESH_MSA] : [hit return for default]

MSA distances:
 EUCLIDIAN CHISQUARE MODULATION
 Please specify option [MODULATION] : [hit return for default]

Input (= output) file (aligned "images") [] : **CMOS_ctf-append_500-bp_cent1**
 Input MSA mask file [msamask] : [hit return for default]
 Eigenimages output file [: **eigenim**
 Pixel coordinates output file [] : **pixcoos**
 Eigenpixel vectors output file [] : **eigenpix**
 Number of iterations (<65) [] : **25**
 Number of eigenimages (< 70) [] : **40**
 Overcorrection factor (0 < ocf < 0.9) [0.8] : **0.8** [hit return for default]
 Rootname for results file, NO ext. [msa] : [hit return for default]

Display the file **eigenim**

8) hierarchical ascendant classification:

IMAGIC-COMMAND : **msa-class**

** CLASSIFY (vs. Sept. 2006) welcomes you **

Input to be classified:

```

IMAGES      PIXEL-VECTORS  SEQUENCES
Please specify option [IMAGES] :                               [hit return for default]
Input (=output) file (treated by MSA)[] :                   CMOS_ctf-append_500-bp_cent1
Percentage of images to be ignored [0] :                    [hit return for default]
Active eigenimages for classification [] :                   30
Use default classification options [YES] :                   [hit return for default]
What number of classes do you wish [] : 50 [total particle number divided by number of
                                                members per class (usually 10-20, or 3-5 with high-contrast images)]

Name of output results files []:                             classes0_50

```

9) form class averages:

```

IMAGIC-COMMAND : msa-sum
** CLASSUM (vs. 26-Feb-2007) welcomes you **

Input images to be summed [] :                               CMOS_ctf-append_500-bp_cent1
Rootname of input classification files [] :                  classes0_50
Output class averages [] :                                   classsums0_50
Downweight small classes [NO] :                               [hit return for default]

Mode of summing statistics:
NONE VARIANCE S-IMAGE I-IMAGE FT
Please specify option [NONE] :                               [hit return for default]
Fraction of worst class members to ignore [0] :              [hit return for default]

```

Display the file classsums0_50 (and keep it displayed, use Ctrl Z)

10) band-pass filter the class averages:

```

IMAGIC-COMMAND : band-pass
** INCBAND (vs. Feb. 2007) welcomes you **
Input file, loc#s []:                                       classsums0_50
Output file, image loc#s [] :                               classsums0_50-bp
Filter options available:
BAND-PASS      HIGH-PASS      LOW-PASS
INVERSE_BAND-PASS
Please specify option [BAND-PASS] :  BAND-PASS
The image will be band-pass filtered.
Please specify
Low frequency cut off [] : 0.05 [remember about Nyquist frequency...]
Remaining low freq. transmission [0.005]: 0.005 [hit return for default]
High frequency cut off [] : 0.7
ASQ filter the images too [NO]: [hit return for default]

```

Display the file classsums0_50-bp (and keep it displayed, use Ctrl Z, bg to put the job into background)

11) Assigning angles without a reference, based on common lines

IMAGIC-COMMAND : **ang-rec**

** EULER (vs.) welcomes you **

Pointgroup symmetry:

C1	1	C2	2
C3	3	C4	4
C5	5	C6	6
C7	7	C8	8
C9	9	C10	10
C11	11	C12	12
C13	13	C14	14
C15	15	C16	16
C17	17	C18	18
C19	19	C20	20
C21	21	C22	22
CN	N	D2	222
D3	32	D4	422
D5	52	D6	622
D7	72	D8	822
D9	92	TETRAGONAL	23
O (CUBIC)	432	ICOSAHEDRAL	532
NONE			

Please specify option [] : **C1** [C1 Point-group symmetry for an asymmetric object]

Option for angular reconstitution:

NEW	ANCHOR_SET
C1_STARTUP	SELF_SEARCH
SINOGRAM	SINE_CORRELATION
PREDICT_SINECORR_PEAKE	

Please specify option [] : **C1_STARTUP**

Input (classum) images, NO loc#s [] : **classums0_50-bp**

Loc# of THREE (classum) images to be used [] : **3; 4; 14** [choose 3 different views; separate location numbers by “;”]

Output (ordered) image file [my_ordered] : [hit return for default; selected **class averages will be put into a new file called my_ordered]**

Output sinograms, NO loc#s [my_sino] : **[YES, hit return for default; sinogram file]**

ASQ filter the sinogram lines [YES] : **[hit return for default; amplitude square-root filtering]**

Linear mask radius for sinograms [] : **0.7** [depends on particle size]

Output sinecorr file, NO loc#s [my_sine] : **[hit return for default; sinogram correlation file]**

Wanted angular increment in search [5.0] : **[hit return for default]**

Minimum inter-euler stay away angle [30.] : **[hit return for default]**

Full output of the results [NO] : **YES**

Are the relative angles clearly bigger than ~40°? If not, select another set of 3 views and start again

Also look at sinograms: display file **my_sino** and sinogram correlation: **my_sine**

12) 3D reconstruction

IMAGIC-COMMAND : **true**

**** TRUE3D (vs. Jan. 2007) welcomes you ****

MPI parallelisation:

ONLY_3D ALL NO

Please specify option [] : **NO**

Please specify option [] : **ALL in one**

Pointgroup symmetry to be used:

C1 1 C2 2

...

Please specify option [] : **C1**

Use default 3D reconstruction options [YES] : **[hit return for default]**

Input 2D (classum) images, loc#s [] : **my_ordered**

Source of Euler angles:

ANGREC_HEADER_VALUES PLT_FILE

MRA_HEADER_VALUES

Please specify option [ANGREC_HEADER_VALUES] : **[hit return for default]**

Output 3D rec. filename, loc#s []: **3d_0-1 [file which will contain the**

3D reconstruction, sections by sections after weighted back-projection]

Output file for reprojections, NO loc#s [] : **3d_0-1-reproj [reprojections**

according to the same Euler angles as the input images]

Output file for error projections, NO loc# [] : **3d_0-1-err [difference between**

reprojection and input image, i.e. reflects amount of error]

Mask the reconstruction [] : **YES**

Radius of the mask [] : **0.8**

Hamming window factor [] : **0.6**

Object size as fraction of image size []: **0.7**

Now display the files my_ordered and 3d_0-1-reproj for comparison, do they look similar, i.e. is the angle assignment correct?

13) Add more views to the angular reconstitution to improve the structure:

IMAGIC-COMMAND : **ang-rec**

**** EULER (vs. 27-Sep-2006) welcomes you ****

Pointgroup symmetry:

C1 1 C2 2

...

Please specify option []: **C1**

Option for angular reconstitution:

NEW ANCHOR_SET

```

C1_STARTUP          SELF_SEARCH
SINOGRAM            SINE_CORRELATION
PREDICT_SINECORR_PEAKS
Please specify option [C1_STARTUP] :    NEW
Option of NEW:
  FRESH ADD REMOVE_PROJ
Please specify option [ADD] :            ADD
Input (classum) images, NO loc#s []:    classums0_50-bp
Location number(s) wanted [] :          1;23;31;45 [select one image or a series of images]
Output (ordered) image file [my_ordered] : [hit return for default]
Output sinograms, NO loc#s [my_sino] :   [hit return for default]
ASQ filter the sinogram lines [YES] :    [hit return for default]
Linear mask radius for sinograms [] :    0.7 [as before]
Output sinecorr file, NO loc#s [my_sine] : [hit return for default]
Wanted angular increment in search [5.0] : [hit return for default]
Full output of the results [YES] :       NO

```

14) 3D reconstruction with more views

IMAGIC-COMMAND : true

```

** TRUE3D (vs. Jan. 2011) welcomes you **
MPI parallelisation:
  ONLY_3D ALL NO
Please specify option [NO] :              [as before]
Pointgroup symmetry to be used: ...
Please specify option [C1] :              [as before]
Use default 3D reconstruction options [YES] : [as before]
Input 2D (classum) images, loc#s [my_ordered] : [as before]

```

```

Source of Euler angles:
  ANGREC_HEADER_VALUES PLT_FILE
  MRA_HEADER_VALUES
Please specify option [ANGREC_HEADER_VALUES] : [as before]
Output 3D rec. filename, loc#s [3d_0-1] :    3d_0-2
Output file for reprojections, NO loc#s [3d_0-1-reproj] : 3d_0-2-reproj
Output file for error projections, NO loc# [3d_0-1-err]: 3d_0-2-err
Mask the reconstruction [YES] :              [as before]
Radius of the mask [0.85] :                  [as before]
Hamming window factor [0.6] :                [as before]
Object size as fraction of image size [0.8] : [as before]

```

Compare again new files `my_ordered` and `3d_0-2-reproj`

15) Make forward projections

(could be used as references for a multiple-reference alignment, here only for comparing forward projections of 3d_0-1 and 3d_0-2)

```

IMAGIC-COMMAND :                threed-for

  ** FORWARD (vs. Jan. 2007) welcomes you **
Input 3D image file [] :         3d_0-1
Output file for forward projections []: 3d_0-1-24
Threshold 3D density value [-99999] : [hit return for default]
Option used for current IMAGIC command: FORWARD
Mode of interpolation for projecting:
  NEAREST_NEIGHBOUR BILINEAR      SPLINE
  SINC          NARROWING          WIDENING
  OBLIQUE_SAMPLING HEADERS_ONLY
Please specify option [WIDENING] : [hit return for default]
Choose projection option:
  FILE          ANOTHER    INTERACTIVE ORTHOGONAL
  SPIRAL        TETRAHEDRON TOMOGRAPHY  STEREO
  UNIFORM      ICOSAHEDRON ASYM_TRIANGLE RANDOM
Please specify option [ASYM_TRIANGLE] : [hit return for default]
Pointgroup symmetry to be used:
  C1      1      C2      2      ....
Please specify option [C1] : [hit return for default]
Option to chose Euler angles:
  EQUIDIST RANDOM
Please specify option [EQUIDIST] : [hit return for default]
Option for Euler angle alpha:
  ZERO ROTATE
Please specify option [ZERO] : [hit return for default]
Wanted angular increment in search [] : 45
Please specify option [] : NO

```

Do the same for 3d_0-2;

Compare files 3d_0-1-24 and 3d_0-2-24 , did the quality of the reconstruction improve?

If time allows: refine the structure by using forward projections as references: run m-r-a (multi-reference-alignment), then msa and classification and 3D reconstruction (beginning of the iterative procedure)

Optional: 16) display a 3D reconstruction

cp ../3D/* .

- a) **disp** [as consecutive sections]
- b) **threed-se** and **movie** [as a 3D surface]

Once you have saved all screenshots for your report, please shutdown the system before leaving.